

# GERMANS START NEW OFFENSIVE ON WEST FRONT

Drive Directed at Point in the French Line North of Massiges in Champagne is Said by the German War Office to Have Been a Signal Victory for the Germans

## CAPTURED POSITIONS OF HUNDREDS OF YARDS

Long Expected Movement in France or Flanders Was Inaugurated Today When Great Forces Were Sent Into Battle and French Defending Line Was Bent Back

Berlin, Jan. 10.—An offensive movement has been inaugurated by the German forces in Champagne. Announcement was made by the war office to-day that French positions extending over several hundred yards, at a point northwest of Massiges, have been captured by the Germans.

The conquered positions are near Maisons de Champagne. The Germans captured 423 prisoners, including seven officers, five machine guns and one large and seven small mine throwers. French counter-attacks made to the east of the positions taken by the Germans failed.

A German aircraft division attacked rearward establishments of the allies at Fumes.

On the east front, an advance attempted by a strong Russian detachment at Belesnyan was repulsed.

## FRENCH ADMIT LOSS OF TRENCHES

### SOUTH OF HARTMANN-WEILERKOPF

Paris, via London, Jan. 10.—The French troops have withdrawn from the summit of Hirtstein, south of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf. This admission is made by the communication issued by the war office. The withdrawal was due to the capture by the Germans of a hill north of Hirtstein.

## EVACUATORS OF GALLIPOLI SAID

### TO HAVE LOST A TRANSPORT

Berlin, by wireless, Jan. 10.—The sinking of a transport ship of the allies filled with troops, at the time of the withdrawal of the French and British forces from the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, was reported in Constantinople despatches given out to-day by the Overseas agency.

## THE TURKS ARE IN RETREAT

### AFTER DEFEAT IN MESOPOTAMIA

London, Jan. 10.—The Turks in Mesopotamia were in full retreat on Jan. 9, with the British pursuing them, it was announced in the House of Commons to-day by J. Austen Chamberlain, secretary for India. There had been heavy fighting on both banks of the Tigris river on Jan. 7. Chamberlain's announcement states that the British had taken two Turkish guns and 700 prisoners.

### New British Commander in Mesopotamia

Sir Percy Lake has been appointed to command the British forces in Mesopotamia, in succession to General Sir John Eccles Nixon, who has been compelled by ill health to return home, it was announced in the House of Commons to-day.

Berlin, by wireless, Jan. 10.—The British army at Ku-EI-Amara in Mesopotamia has now been surrounded by Turks, according to Constantinople advices given out to-day by the Overseas news agency. It is said that the Turks have advanced to the main defenses of the British army in Mesopotamia, and the army is in retreat, 10,000 men having been left in Kut-EI-Amara.

## ALL THE ALLIES QUIT GALLIPOLI LAND

The Peninsula Evacuated Without Casualty Except One Wounded Britisher and 17 Old Cannons Were Blown Up By the Retreating Army.

London, Jan. 10.—General Sir Charles Monro, according to the official statement, reports that only one British soldier was wounded in the evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula, that there were no casualties among the French, and that all the guns were saved, except seventeen worn out ones which were blown up.

The official communication issued last evening says:

"General Sir Charles Monro reports that complete evacuation of Gallipoli has been successfully carried out."

"All the guns and howitzers were got away, with the exception of seventeen worn out guns which were blown up by us before leaving."

"Our casualties amounted to one member of the British rank and file wounded."

Amsterdam, via London, Jan. 10.—The British as a result of a violent battle have completely evacuated Seddul Bahr,

## EXPLOSION LIFTED BOAT

And Three Men Were Killed in the DuPont Plant at Carney's Point, N. J.

## NO SUSPICION OF PLOT, IT IS SAID

Ferryboat Was Just Leaving the Dock When Mill Went Up

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Three men were killed and a number injured in an explosion of smokeless powder early today in the plant of the DuPont Powder works at Carney's Point, N. J. It had been reported that a large number were killed, but after an investigation the superintendent placed the number of known dead at three.

The cause of the explosion is unknown, but according to the superintendent there is no suspicion that the blast was due to outside agencies. A report that arrests had been made was denied. The force of the explosion was so great that it lifted a ferryboat just leaving the dock at Carney's Point partly out of the water, breaking all the windows and smashing part of the cabin. None of the passengers was injured.

## BIG BATTLESHIP STRUCK A MINE AND WENT DOWN

British Pre-dreadnought King Edward VII Ran Aground of Sea Weapon and Had to Be Abandoned Because of Storm—All the Crew Taken Off.

London, Jan. 10.—The British battleship King Edward VII has been sunk as the result of striking a mine. The entire crew was saved.

The sinking of the battleship was announced by the admiralty in the following statement:

"H. M. S. King Edward VII has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII was a battleship of 16,350 tons, laid down in March 1902. She was 453 feet long, 78 feet beam and 26 feet draught. She had four 12-inch, four 9.2 inch and ten 6-inch guns in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

The King Edward VII represented an investment of nearly 1,600,000 pounds, and was one of the finest of the last class of pre-dreadnoughts, corresponding in general to the American ships of the New Jersey and Nebraska type, and was only slightly older than the Natal, which was sunk by an internal explosion about a week ago.

## ASK ENGLAND TO SAVE POLES.

Chicago People Seek to Lift Blockade Partially.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—A cablegram urging Great Britain to lift the blockade sufficiently to admit supplies to the destitute of Poland, was put on the wires here last night, addressed to Prime Minister Asquith.

A telegram also was sent to President Wilson, quoting the dispatch to Mr. Asquith, and to the British, German, French, Italian, Russian and Austro-Hungarian embassies at Washington. The communication to Mr. Asquith said in part:

"The undersigned, representing four million Polish-speaking residents of the United States, hereby most respectfully present an unanimous request to his majesty's government that the blockade against ships carrying provisions and clothing be lifted for the war-stricken districts of Poland. It is raised and carried out by the blockade of the Danzig or some other suitable port, for distribution among inhabitants of that part of Poland devastated by war."

"Out of the stricken district two and a half million men have been killed to fight for the allies' cause. Over 1,200 soldiers of pure Polish blood have been killed or wounded and now their families are without food or shelter, suffering more than any other victims of the war."

another Turkish invasion of Egypt and the permanent safety of the Suez canal and England's communications with India.

In October after the successful invasion of Serbia by the Germans and the Bulgars and the reports that German ammunition was on its way to Turkey a storm of bitter criticism of the government's Dardanelles campaign broke loose in England. Sir Edward Carson, attorney general, and Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, the principal target of attack, resigned. Churchill placed some of the blame on the shoulders of Admiral Lord Fisher, first sea lord. There was also a complete reorganization of the French cabinet.

The sending of the fleet to force the Dardanelles without the co-operation of land forces was generally conceded to have been the big initial blunder of the campaign. The inadequacy of the land forces when they were sent was criticized as another.

Apologists for the government pointed to the fact that at least a large Turkish army had been prevented from operating elsewhere, particularly in Egypt and the Caucasus. They argued, also, that the Balkan situation might have developed much sooner had the effort not been made when it was.

## RAILROAD EMPLOYEES SEVERELY HURT

But Passengers Escaped with Shaking Up When Train Was Partially Wrecked Near Island Pond Sunday.

Island Pond, Jan. 10.—The night express from Montreal for Portland, Me., on the Grand Trunk railway, was delayed five hours near here early Sunday by the derailment of the engine and the baggage and mail cars. The other cars remained on the rails and all the passengers escaped injury, although they were shaken severely and experienced some discomfort from a temperature of 35 degrees below zero.

Edward Merrill of Yarmouth, Me., the baggage master, and Frank Johnson of Derby Line, a customs inspector, who was examining baggage, were caught among falling trunks when the baggage car, was piled up against the mail car. They were seriously injured.

## ONE DEATH DURING FIRE.

Peabody, Mass., Fireman Struck By Falling Smokestack.

Peabody, Mass., Jan. 10.—During a fire that destroyed the India goat and sheepskin tannery of Thomas H. O'Shea last night, William H. Kerwin, a ladderman, was killed, and William J. Fennelley, horseman, was painfully hurt by the fall of an iron smokestack, 100 feet high.

Several other firemen were disabled by smoke and falling debris. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

The fire was in a dangerous place in the center of the factory district, but adjoining structures were saved with the aid of apparatus from Lynn, Salem and Danvers. The three large wooden buildings of the leather plant were leveled. Two of these structures were nine stories in height, and the other was of four stories. Only the office building, a one-story structure, was saved.

The plant employed 120 men and had a capacity of 750 skins a day. The flames started in the boiler room of the larger structures and spread swiftly, threatening to sweep the manufacturing district.

Kerwin and Fennelley were in an alleyway when the great smokestack crashed on to the roof over their heads and rolled down on them. Kerwin's skull was crushed. He was 33 years old and leaves a widow and two small children. Fennelley received a glancing blow which caused a deep gash in his head. His injuries are not expected to prove serious.

## MRS. MOHR ARRAIGNED WITH TWO NEGROES IN MURDER CASE

She, as Well as the Others, Pleaded Not Guilty to Killing Her Husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, Last Summer—Selection of Jury Started.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 10.—Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, accused of having incited three negroes to murder her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, a physician well known in this city and Newport, was placed on trial in superior court to-day. Mrs. Mohr is being tried jointly with Cecil Victor Brown and Henry Spellman, who are charged with the actual commission of the crime, while the doctor and his secretary, Miss Emily C. Burger, were motoring in Barrington on the night of Aug. 31 last. Mrs. Mohr was indicted as an accessory before the fact. A third negro, George W. Heald, recently pleaded guilty to manslaughter and was expected to be a state witness.

The three defendants, when arraigned, pleaded not guilty a few minutes before 10 o'clock, and the selection of a jury was then begun.

## BERNSTORFF MEETS SECRETARY LANSING

Early Settlement of the Lusitania Controversy Is Intimated as the Two Went into Conference To-day.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Count Von Bernstorff had an engagement with Secretary of State Lansing to-day, and it was indicated that a final settlement of the Lusitania controversy is close at hand.

## GAS WAS ESCAPING

In Room Where Man and Son Were Found at Troy, N. Y.

Troy, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Charles Chapman and his son, William B. Chapman, a civil engineer, were found dead at their home in the residential section of the city yesterday under circumstances that were unusual. The son sat near a kitchen range with his feet in the oven and his father's head was in his lap. Gas was escaping from a tube attached to a gas stove and from a jet. The coroner's theory is that both men had died of the fumes, that the tube of the gas stove had become disconnected and that an explosion occurred which caused the light to be extinguished.

Apparently, however, there had been no fire in the room. The junior Chapman was a recent graduate of the Rensselaer Polytechnic institute and was prominent in social and National Guard circles.

## HURLED FROM MOTORCYCLE.

S. Foster Jacques Was Killed at Binghamton, N. Y.

Binghamton, N. Y., Jan. 10.—City Engineer S. Foster Jacques was killed when he was thrown from his motorcycle.

He was highly rated among the engineers of the east, having been prominently identified in Worcester and Brockton, Mass., Dover, N. H., and other New England cities.

## TO FIGHT YAKUS.

General Disque Collects Big Army for Indian Campaign.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Admiral Winslow, commanding United States naval forces off the Mexican coast, reported to Washington Saturday that General Disque had collected 11,000 troops for a campaign against Indians in the Yagui valley. The force will be made still larger, he telegraphed.

## PROSECUTION WILL NOT REST

Five New Haven Men on Whom Jury Disagreed Will Be Accused Again

## MOVE FOR NEW TRIAL WILL BE PRESENTED

One of the Men Is William Rockefeller, Who Is Now Ill

New York, Jan. 10.—When the five former directors of the New Haven railroad, in whose cases the jury disagreed, will again be placed on trial, charged with violation of the Sherman law, had not been announced to-day. In announcing that he would move for a new trial, R. L. Batts, government counsel, said this step would be taken in due time.

Those acquitted were D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Conn.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; James S. Hemingway, A. Heaton Robertson and Frederick F. Brewster, New Haven, and Henry K. McHarg, Stamford, Conn.

Those on whom the jury disagreed were William Rockefeller, New York; Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia, Conn.; Charles M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Louis Cass Ledyard, New York, and Edward D. Robbins, New York.

Of the five defendants whose guilt or innocence was not decided, William Rockefeller was the only one whose term of service as a New Haven director continued throughout the entire time of the alleged conspiracy. He antedated Charles Brooker by three years. Messrs. Ledyard and Pratt took part in the transactions which led to the acquisition of the stock of the Boston and Maine in 1907. Edward D. Robbins was general counsel of the road and figured in the Metropolitan steamship transaction accompanied by the formation of a number of alleged dummy corporations resulting in the transfer of the steamships Harvard and Yale to the Pacific coast.

The other directors were little mentioned in the evidence, and their chief defense was that they depended upon the advice of Charles S. Mellon or Robbins in the acts charged against them, which virtually consisted of casting their votes in favor of propositions which came before the board of directors for approval.

The defendants were indicted on Feb. 26, 1915. The trial began October 13, it is estimated that it entailed an expense to the government and defendants of three-quarters of a million dollars.

The verdict was returned at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon after 51 hours of deliberation and the jury was discharged. The final vote on the five defendants, whom the jurors could not agree stood 8 to 4 for acquittal. R. L. Batts, chief counsel for the government announced that in due time he would move for a new trial of these five. This will be done he said before any effort will be made to try the six other former directors of the road who were indicted, but who obtained the right to be tried separately.

The jurors did not reach their verdict until after they had reported to Judge Hunt earlier in the day that they could not agree. Up to that time—noon—they had been deliberating with a view to bringing in a verdict on the guilt or innocence of the defendants collectively. The court then instructed them to make further efforts to concur and that if they could not agree upon all, to try and reach a decision on some. The vote on the question of all at that time also stood 8 to 4 for acquittal, it was learned.

On returning to the jury room the jurors renewed their discussion with the court's instruction in mind and unanimously eliminated the six defendants, who were acquitted. Two of the four jurors, who had voted against the defendants originally, stood firm, however, against Messrs. Rockefeller, Ledyard, Brooker, Pratt and Robbins. Then the other two switched to their original position, leaving 8 to 4 as the final verdict.

From the time the case was submitted to them at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the jurors took in all eighteen ballots. The first stood six to six for acquittal, four for conviction and two blank. It was not until Saturday that they reached the eight to four alignment.

William Rockefeller, who is ill, and Henry K. McHarg, were not present when the jurors, haggard and untidy, filed in the courtroom to render their verdict. The nine other defendants were in their usual seats. Some of them, during the long hours of waiting had laughed and joked with counsel and newspaper men. Others had evidenced much nervousness, particularly after Judge Hunt's instructions yesterday urging the jury to bring in a verdict as to some individuals. With the entrance of the jury men, with their hats and coats in hand, presaging a verdict, the mental state of the defendants was obviously one of tense strain.

## VERMONT POSTMASTERS.

John H. Donnelly Appointed for Vergennes, Asa C. Oakes for Stowe.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—President Wilson has sent to the Senate the following nominations of Vermont postmasters:

John H. Donnelly to be postmaster at Vergennes, in place of Thomas Mack. Incumbent's commission expired Jan. 8, 1916.

Asa C. Oakes to be postmaster at Stowe, in place of Albert H. Cheney. Incumbent's commission expires Jan. 11, 1916.

John L. Welsh to be postmaster at Proctor in place of Charles E. Holden. Incumbent's commission expired Dec. 12, 1915.

The Senate has confirmed the following Vermont postmaster appointments: Herbert O. Bixby, Chelsea.

John J. Lynch, Middletown Springs.

## MRS. CLARA M. PAPE

Passed Away Saturday Evening After Long Illness.

Mrs. Clara M. Pape passed away at her home on Merchant street on Saturday evening about 8 o'clock, after a long period of ill health. Mrs. Pape was born in Lowell, this state, in May, 1835. Her marriage to Leonard W. Pape occurred in November, 1871.

Four children were born to them. Of these a daughter, Margaret W., died in 1887, and another daughter, Myrtle A., died in 1907. Her husband died in 1900. A son, G. Herbert Pape, and a daughter, Alice A. Pape, reside with her at the time of her death.

Mrs. Pape had been a member of the Barre Congregational church for many years and after failing health would not permit of her attending services, she yet took a deep interest in her church, and was a member of the home department of the Sunday school.

Mrs. Pape had been a resident of Barre nearly 25 years and by her kindly disposition she had made a large circle of friends. A kind and devoted wife and mother, a pleasant and helpful neighbor and friend, the death of Mrs. Pape will be mourned by a large number of people, all of whom can say that the world was made brighter and better by her having lived in it.

The funeral will be held from her home, 66 Merchant street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, with Rev. J. W. Barnett officiating.

## NATIVE OF WILLIAMSTOWN.

Mrs. Dana Taylor Died in Washington Sunday Afternoon.

Mrs. Dana Taylor passed away at her home in Washington Sunday afternoon at 12:15 o'clock. She was born in Williamstown 79 years ago, but had resided in Washington most of her life. She was married April 30, 1839. Besides her husband she leaves the following children: Mrs. Lucia L. Hill of Cabot, Mrs. Curtis Holt of Plainfield, Herbert D. Taylor of Marshfield, Elmer D. Taylor, George D. Taylor and Edward F. Taylor, who reside at the Taylor home in Washington. A grandson, George Hill, lives in Cabot. A son, Wilbur Taylor, died at the age of four years. Mrs. Taylor was held in high esteem by many people in Washington and surrounding towns. She was a regular attendant at the Methodist church.

Funeral services will be held at the house Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. James Ramage, pastor of the East Barre Congregational church, officiating. Interment will be made in the village cemetery.

## DEATH FROM PNEUMONIA.

Charles Matott Died Saturday Afternoon—Funeral Wednesday.

Charles Matott, an employee of the city street department, passed away at his home, 112 Brooklyn street, Saturday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, the end following a two weeks' illness of pneumonia. Mr. Matott is survived by his wife and seven children, Amos Matott, Eunice Matott, Amey Matott, Bert Matott, Clifford Matott, Emma Matott and Mary Matott. He also leaves four sisters and four brothers, as follows: Mrs. Margaret Macquet, Mrs. Ethel Chaplain, N. Y., Mrs. Elsie Casava of Chazy, N. Y., Henry, Chauncey and Benjamin Matott of Chazy and Joseph Matott of Champlain.

The deceased was born in Champlain, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1861. Twenty-six years ago he was married in Champlain to Mrs. Lucy Lucia. The family moved to Barre in 1909 and shortly afterward Mr. Matott entered the employ of the city.

Funeral services will be held in St. Monica's church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. P. M. McKenna, the pastor, officiating. The body will be placed in the vault at Elmwood until spring, when interment will be made in the Catholic cemetery on Beckley street.

## DIVORCE SUIT CONTESTED.

Canning vs. Canning Has Been to Supreme Court Twice.

A contested divorce suit, the first to be tried at this term of court, James Canning vs. Martha Canning, commenced this afternoon in Washington county court. The petitioner is represented by Attorneys Senter and Laird and the defendant by Theriault & Hunt.

The case was first heard in county court in 1913 and since that time has been twice taken to supreme court. Chief Justice Munson at the February term 1915 ordered the decree for the petitioner reversed, pro forma, and the cause remanded for hearing.

Saturday the Wright Manufacturing company-Eastern Fruit and Nut Orchard company case was completed after three days' trial, decision being reversed.

## FUNERAL OF J. R. HALSALL

Held Saturday Afternoon and Interment Was in Hope Cemetery.

Funeral services for J. Richard Halsall, a veteran of the British army and for many years an employee of Marr & Gordon, whose death occurred Wednesday evening, were held at his home, 131 North Seminary street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Edgar Crossland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiating. Delegations from the Lumbermen's union and Granite City camp, M. W. of A. to which the deceased belonged were among those in attendance and there were several fine floral tributes. The bearers were: S. E. Perry, John Rowley, George Riddell and William Smith. The remains were placed in the receiving vault at Elmwood, where they will repose until spring, when interment is to be made in Hope cemetery.

## FUNERAL AT ST. MONICA'S.

That of Mrs. Catherine Ryan Was Held Sunday Afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Ryan, who passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Rooney, 10 Laurel street, Friday morning, after a long illness, was held at St. Monica's church Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the pastor, Rev. P. M. McKenna, officiating. There was a large gathering of friends and there were many fine floral tributes. The bearers were: George W. Lander, James Erick, John E. Tierney, James Bowen, Richard Fitzgerald and John Walker. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery on Beckley street.

## DOESN'T WANT WIFE'S BODY

But Luigi Lungo Telegraphs to Send His Household Goods to Califory

## FUNERALS W BE ON DAY

The Friends of Antonio Caffi Think He Shot in a Moment of Rage

A murderer-misdeed and his victim will be interred within an hour of each other to-morrow when funeral services for Antonio Caffi of 44 Circle street and the woman he shot in a fit of jealous rage, Mrs. Luigi Lungo, will be held. The remains of Mrs. Lungo will be taken from the Perry & Noonan undertaking establishment on Depot square to St. Monica's church for services at 2 o'clock. Rev. P. M. McKenna, the parish priest, will officiate and afterward the body will be taken to the receiving vault at Elmwood to repose until spring, when interment will be made in the Catholic cemetery on Beckley street. At 3 o'clock the funeral of Caffi will be held in the Perry & Noonan chapel. His remains will be interred in Hope cemetery.

Following the tragedy at Mrs. Lungo's home, 16 Third street, Friday night, the authorities made a successful effort to locate the woman's husband in Raymond, Cal. His reply was a telegram, which came yesterday, advising the authorities to pack the household goods at 16 Third street and ship them to him. Friends of Mrs. Lungo came forward yesterday and offered to defray her funeral expenses. Gattaro, the boarder who witnessed the beginning of the tragedy, has vacated the house and says he doesn't care to linger about the premises after the affair of Friday night. Yesterday the police visited the Lungo apartments and procured clothing for the woman.

Caffi was a member of the granite cutters' union. A sizable sum of money was found in his clothes, but for some time his friends were unable to find the key to his trunk. The missing key, however, was found at last in a small wallet which he wore in his waistcoat. Caffi boarded and had his room at the home of B. Poll. As soon as they heard of his death, the Polls set about to search for a note which they thought he might have left. Their search was fruitless. His clothing was neatly arranged in his trunk, but there was nothing about his room to indicate that he contemplated shooting Mrs. Lungo or himself.

Intimate friends of Caffi are loath to believe that his act was deliberate. They are sure he would have left a message for them if he had come from Circle street to Lungo's Friday for the express purpose of killing the woman and himself. Rather, his friends say, Mrs. Lungo's decision wrought such a change in Caffi that he was no longer himself and the shooting was prompted by the workings of a mind no longer responsible.

Sympathy among people of the Italian colony who knew either Mrs. Lungo or Caffi seemed to be divided, but expressions of commiseration for the woman's husband are very general.

## MANY MINISTERS MINGLED

In Conference of Their Monday Club in Barre To-day.

Sixteen members of the Ministers' Monday club met in the Barre room at the Barre Congregational church this forenoon at 10 o'clock for their regular monthly gathering. For the first time in several months, the secretary, Rev. Frank Blomfield of Barre, was unable to be present. Rev. Verne L. Smith of Waterbury read an interesting paper entitled, "The Ultimate Moral Criterion," which was followed by a general discussion in which nearly every clergyman present contributed his views on the topic. After the meeting the visiting ministers were entertained at dinner by the Barre clergy.

The following ministers were present: Rev. C. H. Chapin of Marshfield, Rev. J. E. Taylor of Montpelier, Rev. A. Piani of Barre, Rev. A. A. Mandigo of Montpelier, Rev. E. Crossland, G. H. Holt and Professor O. K. Hollister of Barre, Rev. John Irons of Williamstown, Rev. Lewis Carson and Rev. L. O. Sherburne of Montpelier, Rev. Mr. Smith of Waterbury, Rev. Ivan Benedict of Montpelier, Rev. C. M. Redstone of Waterbury, Rev. M. Sweet of Montpelier, Rev. J. W. Barnett of Barre.

The next meeting of the club will be held at Montpelier seminary on the morning of Monday, Feb. 7.

## PAID MORE THAN HALF.

C. F. Eddy Bankrupt Estate Pays Out Well.

In bankruptcy court at Montpelier today a final dividend of 24 and eight-tenths was declared in the case of C. F. Eddy, the well known creamery operator. Prior to this two dividends had been declared, of 15 cents each, so that the total dividend of the estate is 54 and eight-tenths, which is about 14 cents larger than was expected when the case was entered in bankruptcy court. Checks are being made out and they will be mailed to the several hundred creditors during the middle of the week.

## FUNERAL OF JOHN GLINNEY

Held at St. Augustine's Church in Montpelier.

The funeral of John Glinney, a longtime resident of Montpelier, was held from St. Augustine's church in that city this morning. Rev. P. J. Long officiating. The bearers were John Lee, Edward Ryan, P. E. Connelly and John McMahon. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

Special meeting of Canton Vinton tonight at 8 o'clock for practice.